MADUR

1249

1249

3425/37

25,000—4-5-32.

Block 7

Rack No.

Shelf No.

Serial No. 1249

General No. 19612

Mr. Hurdis's Report

On the Settlement of Dindigul

Madura & [illegible] Districts

for Fasly 1211 Dated

20th July 1812

July 1870 (?)

															Nett increase			Nett Decrease		
	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]											Land Revenue	Sayer	Total	Land Revenue	Sayer	Total
[illegible]					69 14 13	18 22 10	2 23	6 38 75	4 89	1 16	11 16	0. 0. 0.	21 6 12	21 6 12						
					39 6 6	94 9 10	20 3	2 11	9 16	1 16	1 16		20 11 2	12 21 36						
[illegible]					36 15 22	16 14 21							20 0 0	20 0 0						
							15 22	2 56	2 56	7 30	7 30									
[illegible]					36 15 22	27 2 13	15 22	1 4	90 20	9 13	30 13		20 0 0	20 0 0						
[illegible]																				
Total	3	4				7	1								1094 2 24		1094 2 24		399 [illegible]	5 [illegible]
Balance																				

3	4	5	6	7	8	9	[illegible]	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19

Comparative
State.
Jn Dudley Esq

The President & Members
of the Board of Revenue

42/52 — 57

Gentlemen

I beg leave to send my report on the districts of Dindigul — the company's districts south of the Nool & the province of Madura — for the Dehren [illegible] accounts of the two latter are also sent —

2 — The indisposition of my cutcherry [Dubashes?] particularly and generally for these last four months has prevented my being earlier in the transmission of this report — ~~the delay~~ and I am sorry to its continuance is likely to cause further delay —

3 — The report on the [illegible] church lands — and on the alienated & mortgaged lands is nearly done — the intricacy of accounts respecting to the investigation has been the chief reason of its present delay that difficulty is now overcome and

I hope a very few days will shew it to your Board —

4 — In the course of twenty days I hope to send the Zemindaries of Dindigul prepared for permanency — and I hope they will shew your Board I have not spared ~~any~~ any attention — that in its application, could promote the success of the system —

5 — I ~~think~~ wish the present Moyenzabeta ~~at present~~ to ~~remain~~ remain — wish to reduce it as much as may with propriety directly — at present it is impracticable ~~for~~ my letters of the 22 March ~~1800~~ & 11th April 1800 — & 26th November 1801 — fully evince the want of public officers or rule in the Taluqs for the inferior cutcherries —

6 — Circumstances as related in those ~~letters~~ letters have varied for the worse and the extreme necessity of the public treasure — tho in the course

Fort and under a Native Officers
Guard — in a Room ~~and~~ which was
pointed to me to the inconvenience
of the Commissary department
~~[illegible]~~ which is not capable of giving shelter
to any thing against the weather
— is the cause of much anxiety — I
makes me very solicitous that your
Board will be pleased to direct such
steps to be taken for the buildings
necessary as may be proper

7 —— It is the great insecurity of
every thing in the Toloah that makes
a large Establishment necessary — and I hope
~~the~~ Eas~~tablishment~~ with a great desire of
announcing reduced expence of some of
concerting that the ~~[illegible]~~ in the
Magazine to be kept after the buildings
I have noted in former letter have
been erected — with ~~to~~ give a surplus
to the treasury after paying the expence
of ~~building~~ the erections —

I have the honor to be with
great Respect. Gentlemen ~~your~~
Hyderabad 20th July 1802 Your very obedient
[illegible]

11 Report on Dindigul District

In shewing the Compara-
tive Statement of the
Revenues of Dindigul
for Fuslies 1210. & 1211 -
'tis with great satisfacti-
that I find myself able
to bring before your
Board - an increasing
Revenue in every
Talook excepting those
which suffered from
the rebellion of the
Murdoos & of Veerupatc[illegible]

2 -

I shall not intrude
the Board on details o[illegible]
any abstracts - as the
formation of the Zemin-
daries will include
every minute detail
and more necessary in
explanations to the
intended permanency
than to this Report -

3 -

The decrease on
Customs is the conse-
quence of the destructi[illegible]

1A

of all the large villages on the Eastern border by the Invaders and their adherents — the evil admitted of none other remedy than time — I did not even think it necessary to apply ~~the assistance of the~~ Revenue to compensate by advances to the Inhabitants — as they were too much scattered after the burning of their houses to be gathered again to cultivate for 1211 fasly — and would therefore have been unable to have sustained any other burthen for that season than what they proposed to them selves

4 — The part of the ~~waste~~ lands of the villages that were destroyed were rented — and as the inhabitants returned easy cowles were given the produce of which

13

as according to the the
firm antecedently was
formed – ~~his~~ accounted
for in Extra Revenue
~~b~~ thus ~~[illegible]~~ amounted
to very little –
5 – It however appeared
better to me that the
inhabitants should
for this season cultivate
according to their means
rather than with assis
tance from the Sirkar
as the season was too
far advanced to promise
them a proper return
for their labour –

with this year most probably compen
sate the loss of the last
year –

5 – In the decrease
for Bhatolgaunte I do
[illegible] partly – part is
caused by Ryots having
left their lands – and
part – by the levy of
wood cutters for Col
Agnew's detachment
which drew from the

labour many husband
men - and part is caused
by lowering from the
survey the rates of certain
lands - which however
will in the ~~p~~ next ~~6~~
party be very much
increased on the survey
course -

6. - The decrease in Paykey
has arisen from the
survey only. - the three
years course given to ~~ryots~~
on the survey has always
and proportionably
equally arisen. ~~to the third~~
from the first year to the third Year inclusive - the
Teerwa on the lands that
caused the decrease
was ~~more~~ than the
proportion of the settle
ment for the ~~4~~th eight years of
the three entered in
the course, hence the
decrease to give as
near as possible a
general equality this
~~[illegible]~~ however will in
1212 partly be amply
compensated to the ~~ryot~~ Sirkar

X2 | 7 15

of the Sudder company the Increase, every explanation will be given in the Report accompanying the Zemindaries. It is here no necessary to intrude more than shew to your Board the total increase distinguishing what actually previous to 1211 belong to the Sicker, from what in the last justly became its adventitious rights —

8 —

The Settlements for Fusly 1210 — was — 138,286. 3. 7 | Vide Col. 5 —
for 1211 — 152.365. 22. 10 | Col. 10 —
difference — 14.079. 19. 3
composing the net increase but of that net increase the increase in the Revenue by the Assumption of the Renspatcher Lohum after deducting the former Peishcush appears to be 10756. 26. 13 which | Col. 13 —
deducted from the total leaves — 3322. 36. 70 — as the proper net increase

of the Sirkar Tolooks
- this appears little, but
reference is also to be
had to the condition
to whom was both re-
duced to by the Rebels
~~[illegible]~~ 9 -

This Tolook there
was every reason to
suppose would, ~~have~~
as before have exhibited
a very considerable
increase - had not its
rebellion prevented ~~[illegible]~~ -
but taking it as it
was previously to
~~[illegible]~~ its being
plundered & desolated
the present decrease on it
~~[illegible]~~
amounting to 2261.37.52
not ~~[illegible]~~ necessary
of ~~equality~~ preserving
equality in the bringing
from the property of
the Tishing Pedwsfrom
on the Byhry Talook ~~to~~ the
amount of 1270.25.57
the increase might
have received ~~[illegible]~~

would have been so
much an addition to
the famine - and had

(as it will I get further with the current Supply)

The increase of these two Items making 3512.21.24
which Joined with
the Cinnamon Stock
Increase — 3322.36.70

makes — — 6835.76.16

and which all consid=
=ered may be looked
upon as the proper
increase ~~of the Salt Produce~~
~~through the~~ [illegible]
~~of the~~ Salt
exclusive of Arrack
which has increased
to the extent noticed
the Sultan Revenue
without any direct
exertions of the Collect[illegible]

16 In the [illegible]
Tom a small increase
has taken place which
but for the exemption
of duties on fish would
have been very much
more and this exemp
=tion

with in the present
justly still more
materially affects the
branch of Revenue
11 I have in the
present Jummabundy
made not any alteration
in the Manapara
or Dindigal Poligars
– The latter are now
ok with me and
I have partially settled with ok
same Poor in the perma
-nent System – The
increase is great – ~~but~~
some few alterations
will be necessary but
I believe I am warranted
in saying the indivi
-dual Potta increase will
appear from 24 to
1000 p^r Cent and that
the general average
p^r Cent increase will
equal 125 p^r Cent on
the present Jummabundy
12 – It is not in
this place my intention
to comment on the
improved and improv
and

181

state of this province
the Collections for the
Zemindaries with them
it ~~and~~ but I cannot
help adverting to one
strong feature which
the accounts with
plainly exhibit – viz
+ the but I cannot help
adverting to one very strong
fact in proof of its pres
prosperity and which
the accounts will exhi
-bit – viz – the
difference between
the Jum & Hust Revenue
of Fusly 1205 – ~~the~~
~~[illegible]~~ being
~~[illegible]~~ and the present
Fusly 1211 —
13 – A Variety of causes
have produced the diff
-erence ~~[illegible]~~ which are
already on record – and
it is not my wish to
to depreciate ~~[illegible]~~
the steps of former
management – in com
paring it with the
greater resources the
reputation of the

several Schemes gave to me — but the Net Revenue in Oude in the Fusly 1205 was Rs 2881?. 2. 61 — and in Fusly 1211 — was Rs 130528. 0. 7 — exclusive of the amount fixed on land not sold equally 7735. 7. 79 and which as collected may with propriety be brought into the account —

14 — If it be objected that this comparison be ~~unfair~~ improper — I will take the average of the six years the revenues of this province have been entrusted to me and on reference to the accounts this average will give presumption an equality to Rs 101178. 37. 75 — being an increase of about 250 p Cent on the Net Revenue of Fusly 1205 the Schemes have those requested — saying in the

same proportion as in
~~that~~ period —

15 — And this compari-
son is made — including
~~from 1209~~ the increased
Sebbundy of the Zemindari
district for its protection
against the Robbers
and other depredators
and including from
1209 — the increase
of the Hurrgoor Company
~~which~~ caused by the
addition of the conquered
countries both of the
Royal and which were
not exclusively charged
on ~~those countries~~ the
Revenues of those countries

16 — The comparison
of the average six years
gross collection with
the gross Revenue collec-
ted for 1205 gives
nearly ~~the~~ 240 p. Cent
increase — the Annual
average giving about
Rs 139126.8.10 & the
gross Receipts in
1205 being 411303.7.7

17 — I wish not detain your Board longer on the subject of Dom[illegible] than to say the district has been materially improved — is now highly improving — and capa-ble of further improve-ment — and that the permanent settlement of it — whilst opening a right in perpetuity to the Cultivator will be much increased above the ~~present~~ Jumma for 1211 Fusly

18 —

The tranquillity of the country has since January been undisturbed — the Collections have been made without a check or even a murmur every thing at present promises well for the future — and I trust the Circumstances now formed whose [illegible] by your Board [illegible] minutely shew the [illegible]

~~[illegible]~~ that in the system and as far as practicable equalized assessments of the Land Revenue the Collector has attended whilst fixing it has been directed in ~~the~~ every respect to the comforts of the inhabitants

Report on the Districts South of the Noyel

Vide A

In this Statement's comparative between the ... 1210 and the ... [upon cultivated ...] years, I ... them in abstracts the particular ... of the decrease of the ... revenue of these districts - referring your Board to the Dufters details for such further explanation as may be requisite for the subject

2 - The Settlement for 1210 is exhibited including the Sibbandy - according to the Cabooks as arranged for the purpose and the deductions on account decrease are noted under two distinct heads on lands given up by Ryots or neglected on account of death, and [which reasons they ...] on lands of Ryots whose cultivation has been impeded and injured [chiefly] by the unfavourableness of the season

Vide Col 1 -

Vide Col 2 - & Col 3 A

Vide Dehwan details –

Vide Statement

Vide No 2 – he details Dehwan Khanewan in Report dated 16th month 1800

~~Vide Statement~~

3 – The Dehwan details specify the extent of both these ~~[illegible]~~ decre-ments on the particular villages – but as the village Padoffa in the Dansoon taluk was such as the example of elucidation of my former Report on these districts I have again reverted to that village and its lambets ~~and Ryots~~ to show the decline of cultivation in those lands which formerly exhibited an increase –

4 – The Statement is of itself explanatory from Fusly 1204 to 1211 inclus and the Remarks thereon are sufficient for connection with ~~the~~ both the present Ab. to and the previous detail as well in respect the Moozewar as Ryotwar Statement.

5 – The reasons assigned by the numberdars & Cusrans to the details given me of the collection by the Cusrans made it appear that the decrease in the Rownee owing to the unfavourable season was until the 15th Cuar lik (or 28th Nov.) to the full amount of what was expected – which added to the decrease on lands given up made in total alarmingly deficient and portending much distress to the country –

Vide Col 3 A

Vide Col. 6.

6 – the exertions of the different tahseeldars and the disposition of the inhabitants favoured by locality had in some villages caused an increase of collection this the little compensation in comparison with the deficiency on the high dry grain lands showed a spirit of industry in the Ryots that promised

Vide Col 6

against the reason and ... a proof that the spirit of agriculture was still active

7 — On the decrease however — some deductions were necessarily made for the Cultivation that was subsequent to the 6th Cuttah for 28th Nov. There are also ... deductions in the Hawar accounts and form a considerable deduction of the excess deficiency —

Vide vol 8

8 —

A further deduction of revenue arose from the decrease price of grain in the various necessary used in the different districts — this has even been necessary as the Terms on the ... lands in the yearly settlements have always been influenced by the market price for the paddy — and any increase

Vide vol 10

27

this has resulted, as well
the reduction of price on
from ~~the [illegible]~~
account of high cost on
~~[illegible]~~ the
Inamee lands - as from
the exemption of duties
on grain - and the uncon-
trolled liberty the farmers
have of selling as they
please -

9 — When these numbers
were taken - the Khodadad
Sirkar had fixed a price
for grain of Kaway[?] ~~[illegible]~~
the [illegible] produce in
[illegible] so much higher
than was ever paid for it
- excepting by those on
whom it was imposed
~~as a payment for wages~~
and all labourers were
usually paid two parts
of their wages in grain
and one part in money

10 —
Another and more
oppressive way was to
force at the Sirkar price
grain on ~~[illegible]~~ the Renters
of the different Villages
which still are called

literally meaning
confusion

~~[illegible]~~ dangerous / by [illegible]
merchants – who were unskilled,
~~natives~~ ~~[illegible]~~ – &c.

grain was usually sold
by them ~~[illegible]~~ at a
50 per Cent loss – –

11 – These oppressive
measures however were
insufficient to dispose
of all the taken grain
– a large quantity was
always remaining ~~the~~
these arbitrary ~~[illegible]~~ proceedings
originating in folly, ended in ~~[illegible]~~ loss – as
the Amildars ~~would~~
~~not~~ would suffer the
grain to rot rather than
sell it at the lower
price – the difference
between the ~~[illegible]~~ fixed price
~~and the market~~ on the
total government accounts – and
the amount quantity
either rot – unsold – or
not disposed of – was
added to the balance
on the country – which
continued yearly accu-
mulating –

12 – It is very probable that the Sultans orders must have been the cause of these absurd measures – as such balances in the country could not have remained and increased – had there not been reasons originating in his wish which his Servants below the Chiefs were not privy to –

13 –

The fixed prices of spices in 1208 ~~[illegible] were as follows~~ – and following [illegible] ~~years~~ until the Presents were as follows –

	[illegible] 1208 – Cawt. f. a	1209 Cawt. f. a	1210 Cawt. f. a	1211 Cawt. f. a
Carooe —	3·9	2·10½	2·10½	2·1
[illegible] madapol } —	3·4			2·12
Daraprore Candy }	1·3·	1·0·0	·8·0	·7·0
[illegible] Candy }				
Shedofollam	8·	8·		
Pikechee				

13 – The difference of price in the prices [illegible] settled by the [illegible] taken and is now settled

apparently
probably equals the loss
incurred on the Indians
accounts - but the farmer
are unenthralled - as to
their labor ~~and~~ their lands
are ~~more~~ productive
to themselves
~~(1)~~ and their means of
export tho' yet confined
are greater than formerly -

14 -

The increase & decrease
Vide Vol 13 - 15 - of the money collection
generally
arises from the changes
in loss - in addition to the
various lands composing
the Conandyum in the
different taloohs - the
talook of Delhi is however
apparently great in its
decrease in comparison
with the others -

15 - 6
This arises from
the following abstract
detail having been
entered for ~~lands~~ with
the Polygar former only
under the head Conandyum - rather than

15 - This arises from
the Possession of the lands
the
Roins of the Polygar having
been taken from them to
~~(?)~~ under the Polygar
government ~~(?)~~ entered under
the head of Conandyum
rather than the Ryotwar

X

(3) from the Egsant and which is

~~but this Province might~~ ~~be~~ divided into three kinds - viz. Bathwary being 696-5-12 which signifies in the Persian a very favourable tribute - otherwise rate had the kinds remained - the possessors would have been highly favoured - - 2d. the Tyrual wary - an assessment for the Sad amounting on these kinds to 298.8.12 - 3d. ~~the~~ Dorawary or tax for keeping presents from the Persians to the Polygars - from these kinds - being 160.69 16 - The total of these taxes amounting to 1163-1.1 - are rather a deduction rather than a tax as they are ~~—~~ in the present circumstances included in the Egsant - to which under any regular assessment they ought

always to have belonged

17 – The remaining Items as composing this kind of Revenue – as com[ing] ny nothing [illegible] require not any expla-nation – The Revenue arising chiefly from House & [illegible] taxes from proved return [illegible] in [illegible] which were before [illegible]

Vide vol 19 –

18 – The Whole Revenue for 1210 appears to have including [illegible] been 335,463. 3. 10 exclusive of the first[illegible] – and the first[illegible] only of those Provinces which were subsequently [illegible] is entered here as necessary to explanation [illegible] Vide vol 20 [illegible] [illegible] the [illegible] only was then [illegible] [illegible] in the [illegible] the except [illegible] after the defeat of the Rebels [illegible] brought to the [illegible] the Revenue accounts.

x after deducting the amount wherein [illegible] the Company was

33

31

19 – The Upland Income of the Zemindars – is rated according to the Cunnagees accounts, & includes the Collections made by the Rajah – it is entered for elucidation of totals rather than for information of particulars –

20 – the Remainder of the Income – or Rule to the Board debits only as it entered the Proceeds of the assessed Schemes – after deducting the Tribute

Vide Col 21 –

~~Vide Col 22 –~~

~~Vide Col 18 –~~

Vide Col 18 – but deducting the tithes
Vide Col 20 – and adding the Proceeds of those Schemes which were otherwise assessed it amounts
Vide Col 22 – to 338,748.4.8

19 – ~~It is to be~~ remembered that the Peishcush only of the Zemindars so assessed being, and subsequently assessed were debited in the Jummabundy – the

of collection
except after the defeat
of the Rebels was brought
to account in the
Revenue Jumma —

20 — The Khaum Jumma
of the Pollams is entered — Vide Col 21 —
according to the Curnam's
accounts and includes
the Collection formerly made
by the Poligars, it is
entered for illustration
of total, rather than
explanation of particu-
lars

21 — Hence the Khaum — Vide Col. 23 —
Jumma appears to be — Vide Col. 19 &
~~378,805..8..10~~ inclusive — Col. 21 to
of Rubbundy 378,805.8.10 — make the total
from which I proceed
to show the total
decrease — as the Objects — Vide Col 24 —
of which I have before
remarked on, the
totals of decrease on
Land Rent of decrease — Vide Col 4 —
on the price of Grain — Vide Col 10
and of decrease on the — Vide Col 13
Towandgee compose
the grand total of
66,926.2.12½ leaving

41

35

Vide col. 25 –	313,879.5.12½ as the Khaum Jumma of 1211 to this however must be added the inadequate compensation in the increase in the Land Rent – in the increase
Vide col. 6	of the subsequent col-
col. 8	=lections – and in the increase of the Soondy
col. 15	ein making a total
Vide col. 26	of 22924.6.12½ to be added to the above mentioned Jumma
Vide col. 27	making it As 336804.0.9½ 22 –
Vide col. 28.29.30.31.32	The heads of the Additional Jumma sufficiently explain themselves – the Lands composing the produce extend are included in the villages to which they formerly were attached – and the amount of taxes respec- tively added to the Lye have been ~~~~ ~~~~ in that branch of revenue to which

they properly belong

23 –

The next branch of Revenue to which I beg to ask the attention of your Board is the Lyc – that the causes of increase and decrease may be explained –

Vide AB

Vide Col No 1 – The Jumma of 1260 was Cas 25086.6.8 and

Vide Col 2 – the [illegible] increase Ca 775.6.8½

Vide Col 5 – the [illegible] increase from the Resumed [illegible] Ca 1350 – making the

Vide Col 8 – total 2125.0.8½, this added to the former Jumma – gives the total of

Col 25 – Cas 27211.6.7½ [illegible] exclusive of the totals of the [illegible]

Vide Cols 3. 6 – [illegible] – which totals if added would make the

Vide Col 11 – grand total – Cas 27852.5.12¾

24 – The ~~[illegible]~~ Heads of the Columns noting the

Vide Col 9 & 24 – additions & subtractions of the [illegible] are sufficiently explained, and as each in account balances the other and not further

commencement in this place the separate Taloaks to which in addition or subtraction are ~~[illegible]~~ since under this head respectively refer are distinct each from the other —

~~25 — The Stalfputari added to the Devastapraman Villages — was in the Jumma of 1210 — improperly — it is not included in the addition — but must appear as a deduction and with be brought to account and of the balance in the Byfur Revenue —~~ Vide Col 25 — Vide Col 9 —

26 — Hence the total Settlement for 1211 appears 27211.7 8½ ~~[illegible]~~ total increase of 2125.0 as before noted — but from this total — the Stalfpur of the Devastanaram must be deducted — as that head was ~~[illegible]~~ improperly includ in the Jummma of 1210 — but is not now Col 26 — Vide Col 8 —

entered in the Addition
– the amount with be
credited the Sukar in
the Survey Jumma –
26 —
amount
The further deduction
Col 27 — of the Sultan is a transfer
of heads of Revenue to
the branches to which
they properly belong
and appear in the
Vide Col 32 increase of the Zonadyan
Stat A — in the former Abstracts
Col 28 — the other columns
explains itself – and
~~a~~
– The remainder of the
these deductions include
the Sy of the columns
Col 30. appears to be 2340201
27 —
The comparative
Vide Stat C statement unites the
two former Statements
on which I have remark
ed – and I have supposed
by for the present the
increase & decrease of
the columns a further
cause of decrease have

37

Yet remains to be noted on the totals ~~[illegible]~~ ~~[illegible]~~ Revenue ~~by [illegible]~~ — on the difference of exchange as existing in 1210 and as directed to be estab lished by your Board under date 2d December 1801

~~28 I think it necessary to [illegible] separately~~

28th

This difference is as follows — Cas £ c — P £ C

~~Vide [illegible]~~ Col. 1.

the settlement of 1210 — was 374396.6.3 | 316919.21.6

D° of 1211 — 361718.5.10¼ | 303709.39.7 — Col 2

at the period previously to the alteration of the Currency Exchange which then was 118.1.4 — Cas 8967.2.11 — or P 7591.14.15

Sat 109.14 p Cent as ordered by the Board — Cas 358751.2.15¼ — P 296118.25.61

Hence the Ann decrease is at 114.14 ~~p~~ 12678.0.8¾ | 10622.7.[illegible]

and the Decrease by alteration of the exchange is as follows

Rup - exclusive of the sums which by ... the ... rates ... by ...

on the former 26110.25.61 ... one lunting ... making a sum equal to

Pags   Rs

to 2561-1.13½ or 2685.32.57

And on the total dessars

of 13239.22.60 is — 132.4 or 111.6.3

making the sum 3093.5.13½ or 2576 ...

which added to the 12678.0.8¼ or Rup 10662.27.8 ... am discount

gives Pags 15771.6.5½ or 13239.23.60

on the total discoun—

29 —

P.68 on Repn of 16 march 1800 — In my former Report on these districts I notified my intention of examining the Colle and state of the ryots ... ration according to ~~the~~ their cowles I intended on the investigation but was not able to perfect it — the cause of this inability arose from the ... state of the Country in consequence of the instigations of the partizans of Dhoundeah and the poligar intrigues or threats ... influencing many of the Ryots of the Pulkan ... —

30 —

These had scarcely subsided when the Polygar confederacy began its operations and the events from Novr. 1800 to December 1801 — admitted of little time for the completion of what was so much to be desired —

31 —

The investigation was not however neglected and although the result of it will appear more in detail in my subsequent report of these Countries — I cannot help observing to your Board that the result of fifteen ~~sixteen~~ years accounts during the Govt. of Hyder appeared to favor the opinion I had formerly ~~noticed~~ ventured to mention viz — that although the Rent jummabundy would be collected — I felt convinced it was too

high ~~fine~~ to cover all
the benefits government
might expect from
the ~~system~~ of Permanency –

32 – ~~They~~ Total of the
accounts varies little in
its annual amount –
and although the present
Jumma ~~is~~ ^affixed^ owing to the
Season is less than it
ought to be – the difference
between it and the
average of the ~~[illegible]~~ ^fifteen^
years before mentioned
is very trifling –

33 – ~~[illegible]~~ This Statement
commences in 1776 & is
continued to 1788 – from
which time the rest from
[illegible] – altho many
~~and very~~ ^difficulties^ ~~increased~~ also
~~[illegible]~~ have been ^made^ with our
actually settled [illegible]
[illegible] ever collected –
the present Season has
been more favorable
to the country – and
from present appearances
an increase may be

16

No. 9

expected — but where the ~~lands~~ Poorer lands bear so much greater proportion ~~to~~ than the Richer — in the total as in these districts — the effects of the season will of course ~~have a much~~ be much greater ~~greater effect~~ on the ~~Revenue that may be expected from it~~ —

x Revenue than this cause ~~not noticed~~ not noticed might have been expected —

24 — From every information I have of the state of the country together with what has come under my own inspection — I have every reason to suppose ~~the~~ a general improvement — the restless spirit appears now to be quieted — the disarming of the country has turned the minds of the inhabitants to business more proper than ~~before~~ the predatory conduct they were used to — and every thing promises fair future prosperity —

Second Report on the Madura Province

My Report on the Rindan Province dated 28th Jany shewed in the abstracts the total settlement for that Province for the current fusly — and detail such information as was then in my possession and generally necessary to be noted to your Board —

2 — The present address is to shew the distinct Villages & lands on which the settlement was made to them ~~as far as the~~ differences so far as the accounts may admit, reduced to a plain statement — and to explain the causes of decrease & increase in the several heads ~~of revenue~~ —

3 — ~~that the details~~ ~~corresponding with the~~

That the explanation may be more minute I have with great labour drawn out ... details of the different talooks — and connected the whole in one gener-al abstract — ...

the details should be so voluminous and so out of size - but I would not reduce them or make them ~~shor~~ more brief with the hope of ~~here~~ rendering at plain & perfect -

Vide abstract A

2 — The abstracts shew the total payment as taken from the accounts of the Curnams - and rated under the measurements which they allege to have been customary from time immemorial - from this the necessary deductions, as in the district lead with explan, are made, and the remainder is debited in abstracts as settled - the more specific accounts of which may be seen by reference to the Dewan details

Col. 1. 2 -

from cols 3 to 16 inclusive

and, if (further) enquiry be necessary, in the

3 - The rents on the Hetel gardens have not in any respect been altered from what they were under the Nabobs Government - the difference in the value of each chay in the different Talooks - has arisen from the better situation of the gardens - for the con-sumption

col 17. 18 -

of their produce — which
in Grand Collum is much
superior to all others —

6 — The number of Chays
Vol. 19. 20 under cultivation of grain
is as stated by the Curnams
and in those villages that
could not be settled at the
money rent as noted in my
Vide Para 7 — in former reports — The mutual proportion
report 28th Jany. of grain was agreed upon and
Vol 21 is worth a brute money rent,
the proper rent for the [illegible]
of those villages it is opposed
to in the Cutcherry accounts

7 — The total Chays cultivated
Vol 23. 24. 25. according to the Curnams
accounts — were by the improper
measure of the inhabitants
of the different Villages — of
measure varying much from
each other ~~what usage had established
as the standard measure
of the country~~ — it became
necessary therefore to ascertain
as exactly as possible the
relative ~~[illegible]~~ proportion of
all to ~~[illegible]~~ Standard in
order to find whether or not
the settled average Value [illegible]
of Chai was proper as well
for the Sircar as for the Ryot

8 — The difficulty in doing
this has been very great [illegible]

Vide B Statement

one Maund col. foot – inch a 10.7½

one English foot – inch – 1.1¾ hence –

per inches

29.8 – 1 ~~[illegible]~~ 2nd or 34 country feet

+ Col h in B

Maund column

Chay – 115,600 country ft

or 1,0[illegible]866, English feet

the Durbhjal English

Chay – 100121.5

: Maund col. + Durbhjal

English [illegible]

745.3

what is now submitted as the result, is, ~~the~~ altho the fullest information that could be got – ~~perhaps~~ not so correct, as to warrant me to say that it is made ~~[illegible]~~ ~~[illegible]~~ given in reference to the scale of measurements as adopted by each village with shew what has respectively obtained

9 — The reduction of these different modes has been made ~~in~~ every village to the ~~[illegible]~~ measurements of the Maund column Chay – as what was best understood in the country – shewn in that tab ch ~~to [illegible]~~ shewn ~~how~~ that the villages are affected by it – and given the contents of the Chay+ in English measurement – in the Statements ~~[illegible]~~ in which the different proportions of measurement are shewn

10 — The average value of the lands thus settled is not high – the proportionate value of ~~[illegible]~~ Bittai varies according to the situation of the lands & of the number of crops in the year – but according ~~[illegible]~~ to the information of both Zemindars & Cunnans –

respect whatever [?] exceeding
either to the Sirkar or Ryot
the rate of each of Income
~~Separately~~ noticed in my former
report

Vide Para 9 — report 28th Jany

11 —

The variety of measurement has given great labour to my cutcherry but I hope the abstract statement of it [illegible] herewith will fully elucidate the whole to your Board — from the abstract it appears that one Maund [?] of uttum chay contains in Madras measurement

Vide B Statement

~~Cawny~~ Cawny	Ground	Feet	Inch
1	18	66	8

and that the value of the quantity of land which is the Maund [?] of uttum chay gives Ch. F. 3½ is on the Madras Cawny Ch. 2.3.8½ or Pays 2.6.6¼ ~~[illegible]~~ — and ~~[illegible]~~ — that the general average which chay is Ch. 2.4.13/16 — or Cawney Pagodas — 1.22.58

Col. 25 Stat. A

Vide Statement col 25 —

12 —

The rate of revenue in the average assessment of Nungee [?] appear higher than any other — ~~and~~ but its rate when compared with the Jaghire [?] talooks of Doubtful [?] adjoining it

Vide Col 25

by Inudean cases only the
Jumanes of Chay - an increase
which the quality of the
land appears to warrant
independent of its being
made according to presump-
tion and rather less in the
total than what may have
been usually retained as the
rent -

13 - The average rate of
settlement on the Poonja
lands is in comparison
of each taloock with the
other apparently very
unequal - in Manud taloock
however there are very little
Poonja lands of value as
the Dehwan settlements will
exhibit - the Poonja lands
alone appear less rated
but its rent is low when
it is known that the
land thus rated at Poonja
was Baujer - ~~[illegible]~~
~~[illegible]~~
and that its produce is
not only once certain but
that two crops generally
are derived from it -

Vide vol 31 -

Vide vol 31 -
in Manud taloock
Dehwan Settlemt

~~No 5 in
Dehwan Stat.~~ -

14 -

In the Teenmunghee
taloock the average rate
of rent appears very high
- but the reason is that
with very few exceptions

51

the land of this talook chiefly under cultivation is the cotton ground which is the most valuable — the Village of Factogood[?] appears in the Dehwar statements rated at [illegible] pagodas cawnee on the cultivation which is [illegible] proportion to the mamool cawnee of the Village — the land rated is of the best quality and the rent is ~~only that which was somewhat less than was before established~~ is only that which both the Cannams & Curnum could charge to have been paid for the respective lands in preceding years without difficulty ~~[illegible]~~ ~~[illegible]~~

Vide 38 in Rooman[?] given Dehwar

The contents of this village in the Poorgee[?] is rated at 120 mamool cawnee — the detail of which is as follows —

~~[illegible]~~ [illegible] ~~[illegible]~~ cawnee — rate of [illegible] [illegible] detail [illegible]

15 — In opposition to the high rated Villages your Board will observe the rate on Moraisan[?] [illegible]

Vide No 59 —

Vide Statement C

to be as infinitely low as the other appears high — its rate being 7. 8 1/4 3/16 — the lands of this village are of the worst description of quality of both land and tools and they are ploughed solely by Gerawadars or people not belonging to the village which is without houses & retains only the name — but to the ~~neighbouring~~ villages near Sumawancoken ~~to~~

The great difference in the measurement of the lands of the Poorgir villages is shewn in the appendix. and tho every means in my power have been used to get at the truth it is clear to me that what has been given by the Zemindars and Cunnamees does not come near the truth —

16 — The rate of lands in Summoor in the Cotterries appears high but it is by these lands of the same quality in the Summoor Colook or Cotteree to which it adjoins ~~and high on the~~ the case of the colook is very where good and the cotteries ~~h~~

13/ — 53

Vide Col 31 —

16 — The rate of lands in the Ancoor talook is apparently high — but it is the rent that has obtained — and the quality of the land warrants it — the highest rate in the Province is two pagodas — and the lowest about three, the paddy lands are rated at twenty fanams for Goontas but there are so few as to make very little difference in the present average value

Col 31 —

17 — The lands of 47 villages in Sholavandan rated under those of Ancoor were a part of Trimangle talook added to what was the Sholavandan talook on account of their vicinity to Ancoor and also on accot of the villages being inhabited & [illegible] cultivated by the Colleries — they partake in every respect with the goodness of the Peramunglum lands and have been rated in proportion —

Vide C Hutchinson

18 — The great difference in the ~~[illegible]~~ reputed measurement of the Province & Shayer is shown as far the [illegible] in the appendix — and the ~~very~~ altho' every means in

my power have been used
to get at the truth it is
clear to me, that, what
has been given by the Lauta-
-war-caurs and Currams, as
the mamool measurements
of their respective villages
is scarcely half the real
contents of each respective-
-ly -

19 - and this has occurred to
me from the consideration ~~examination~~ of
the Madura Rents of the cultivation ~~[illegible]~~
of ground in that district
with ~~[illegible]~~ the Dindygul, paying rents of equal ~~[illegible]~~
quality ~~in Dindygul~~
which in the former would
appear to give near 50 p^t Cent
advance on the general Rents
of the latter ~~[illegible]~~ when approximating to
itself the same measure-
-ments - this on the face
of things must be impossible
because that advance unless
there was land to answer it
must bankrupt the possessors
- and complaints would come
before me - whereas none
as yet have come - and hence
I argue - that if the Rents be
greater in proportion to the
Terms of the Dindygul fine rents - the
measurements from which
the Madura enlarged rents

53

was made must be greater
&more than what the Kantumcoun-
-ine Coinnams Lave & Laur
is to be –
20 – This comparison I infer
may be better understood
by reference to the Delwai
Statement of Vadasaindoor taluk
No 14 – in Vadasaindoor – in the Village of Pettapullay
-Same which is (perhaps) of the best
quality of land or Kerrshel
and comparing its rate
of Teerwa with that of
Vide 43 in Terrumaghe Delwai State! ~~...~~ of Thoonmughum ... Thongapulay
which is also (probably) of the same
quality – the value of the
rate ~~... the 57 pCent~~ of
Teerwa on the latter is 57
pCent increase on the
former – according to the
present accounts –
21 –
This increase could not
exist in the equally measured
Kadaims – the difference
there in the Madaine/Kadaims
being more must compensate
the increase of Teerwa
– the Kantumcoon Says – that
the Carnatic Goontee – the
same exactly as the one
used in Dindigul – was
used in the Madaine Country – until Woolplaveiru

successor Mohomed Abrar Cawn - placed Shotty Chenny as the Renter of Eroniany Talook - who made a new measure called the Toppaul Baum -

22 - This Baum was an increase of the contents of the ancient standard nearly 70 p Cent - and on this the present Tyacut account is said to be founded - this brings the value of the land more on equality - and when what is denominated the Dheem Baum is added to the aforementioned increase it is apparently less rated than the lands of Dindigul -

23 - The Dheem Baum means a favored or Charitable measurement - not to take the exact measure but to give a portion extra to the Ryot - This gift on the ancient standard from the Villagers information is an increase of about 14 p Cent - which added to the former increase of the Toppaul Baum makes it to be 84 p Cent in toto on the ancient usage measure formerly of the country -

52

24 — hence it is fair to infer — that the compensation in land for the increase of Teerwa is more than in proportion favorable to the Ryot — and that the comparison in the villages exhibited proves the Tirwunnyle Rent more favorable to the Ryot than the Dwiduyoal assessment on the fixed measured grounds —

25 — The statement of the Variations of the Poonjee measurement exhibits the reduction of those variations into the number of square Baums — each Baum giving as its own contents forty feet, eighteen nine Ana of an inch and 5/16 of an Ana — — thus the land in No 1 of 3777·14 10/16 Baum according to English measurement — gives 151300 English square feet — which equals (after reducing the English feet to the country feet giving ten inches and 7½ lines English as the true measure of the country foot) 173400 being the contents of what is denominated in that Village one Tam of land —

Vide C

Vide C

26/ The measurement thus reduced into Baums — is again reduced from the Baums to the Dindigul Coonta — 625 Baums which measure equal that measurement — hence in Baum column No 1 — by the Dehwan accounts, appear according to the Company's measurement 12 3/4 Baums making Dindigul Coonta 771 1/2 each Baum equaling [illegible] 6 11/16 according to the preceding measurement for Baums —

Vide C

Vide Dehwan Accts No 1 — Baum column

27 — This process of calculation applies to every description and variation of measurement in use in the different talooks — according to the statement — and those will prove to your Board that I have not spared labor to find the value of the charge intrusted to me —

28 — Under the Lead Sonadyam nothing new is included — the usual taxes of shops — houses — looms — tolls — &c being above comprehended —

Vide Col 36 —

59

29 –

The head Sibbendy shews the deduction to those who are employed in the Maritime courts & Tirtamangs of the Fort of Madras – in the various casts & and for the collection of the variety of taxes on the people residing within the town of Madras There was not any Maunium of land for these People and therefore made the deduction of 5 p Cent as well to compensate their trouble as to ensure Regularity among the casts within the city – the same reason also applies for Peramenpleum in every respect –

Vide Col 40 –

~~30~~

~~The head of Shotriyam to Madras annexed~~ includes only what has been entered by mistake

30 The head of Chukmun relating to Villages as per ... D includes only what has been entered by mistake as belonging to the Sirkar. the Villages ~~[illegible]~~ to which these sums attach paying a quit rent to the Sirkar & being totally free from it – their Jyacuts was entered in the Sirkar Jummabundi Lease – all proceeds – save the quit rents already enter[ed]

Vide Col 43

Vide No 65 in main column Dehwar Hote –

Stolendum 31 – 32 same main column

Vide Perumugle Dehwar from No 63 – to 83 inclusive –

Dehwar Perumbore from No 97

Vide Dehwan
from No 27 to 32 inclusive
Anwar Prakwar
from No 47 to 64
inclusive -

Col 46

Vide Dehwan
Grand column No 19 -
Permangle - No - 59 -

Col 46 -

Vide Col 52 -

in the Jumma - went to
the proprietor, and this
deduction appears in accoun[t]
31 - The third Enaumdaury
relates to Pettahs in the
Grand column & Permangle
& Cottahs which pay as maun
yeih but half the proceeds
on their jumma to the
Sircar - their Ryant also
was entered in the Sircar
Jumma - and the proper
deduction now made
remits as their half to
the Enaumdaurs -
~~examination of what ap~~
32 - On examination
of what appears as the prope[r]
deduction in this account
for the Enaumdaurs - it
will be seen that in the
Dehwan Account more
accrues to the Sircar
Jumma ~~than~~ to the Enaum
daurs - this difference
however arises from no
diminution of their income
but from the addition
of the other Cowelly to which
is the Sircar due
33 - These deductions
made - the remainder
is what has been entered
as the Sircar share and

(5)

and as what has been sent from Board at the Land rent exclusively arising to the Sircar from the Madura district — viz Cutcy Chavanies — 137891-2-12 or Star Pags 83,570.19.71 — unconnected with any other branch of revenue whatsoever

Vide C in report dated Janry 27th

34 — This apparent on the Land revenue with its increase & decrease on the different talooks has been brought before your Board. It is therefore unnecessary to intrude further on this subject — than to observe that the comparison was on the reputed Sinters cowle to the Ryots — not on the former Sircar cowle to the Sinter — had it been so exhibited the increase would have been proportionably more

In report 27th Janry Vide C comparative Statement —

35 — I have drawn out an abstract statement of the decrease of the Tyer in the Madura Province the heads of which are ~~sufficiently explanatory and relate to~~ the decrease relates entirely to the ~~to the~~ abolition of the

Vide D —

Vide Coli - 2.4.B —

+ the deductions from the tyer and addition to the village tonandyar arose from the propriety of those deductions being so classed & and the deductions from the tonandyar and addition of them to the tyer were for the same reason

vol 8 — + 9

arbitrary and really grievous impositions of the Nabobs amils & renters on the country — as well as to the general cessation of the duties on grain — both of them measures most beneficial to the country and properly alleviating to the inhabitants —

36 — In the settlement for the Madura Pollams — Spoke the same mode of assessment as for the Sirkar lands save that the rates of Taram are generally less than on the Sirkar villages — to be ... the principle based down for the western Poligars and after the deductions are made on that mode the remainder became the rent to the Sirkar —

Vide IF

37 — This rent on the former peishcush bears an increase of 74 per Cent — in the aggregate — the Pollams are very improveable — and if the present peace of the South & Country continue — I hope the change of habits in the inhabitants will yearly exhibit the improved & improving state of the country —

Vide Col 1. 2. 3. 4. —
Vide letter to Board Jany 10 & Feby 7th 1801 —

Vide Col 5 —

Vide IF
comparative State

38 — The comparative statement exhibits the total ~~rent of~~ revenue of Madura for 1210 & 1211 fuslys years according to the ~~[illegible]~~ managers or renters accounts and according to the present settlement — the apparent increase has been noted on — but the real increase appears more fully explained in my former report on this subject — which in the present detail I hope will be satisfactory to your Board —

Vide C II

Vide C Statement in report 27 Jany

39 — I have little to say on the general state of the country — but that little appears to promise good the ryots are every where returning to habits of industry — the collieries have certainly been more quiet than before since the days of ... Cauvery — the country has improved — ~~and~~ it improving — and Society returns where the Colleries feel the comforts of tranquillity that ... [illegible] ... habits

with cease — ~~During the last forty~~ very trifling indeed have been the complaints of oppression since the ~~laws~~ [philosophy?] ~~of passing~~ [the Country] and of their general consideration ~~from the whole they have [illegible]~~ ~~finer fever losses of such character~~ For the Courts for Cultivation they have asked for and obtained, fines, according to present appearances fair Losses of such character industry from these hitherto inveterate people

Coimbatore District 65

1 of Dehwan Stalit of Caroor Taloot

2 - do - do of ......

3 - do - do of ......

4 - do - do of ......

5 - do - do of ......

6 - do - do of ......

7 - do - do of ......

8 - do - do of ......

9 - do - do of ......

10 - do - do of ......

11 - do - do of ......

12 - do - do of ......

13 - do - do of ......

14 - do - do of ......

Madura District

1 of Dehwan Stalit of ......

2 - do - - of ......

3 - do - - of ......

4 - - of ......

5 - do - - of ......

6 - do - - of ......

7 - do - - of part ......

Dindigul July 1802

Lehwar Statement of Vadamundoor Talook in the District of Dindigul for Fusly 1211

67

Villages	Mouzas			Muzaras			Total										1 (Ayjeet or Total Luna)	2	3	4	5	6	7 (Remainder)	8	9	10 (Poramboke or Uncultivable)	11	12 (Remainder Cultivable Land)	13	14	15	16 (Deduct for ... Land)
Cusbah Vadamundoor	1		1	14	2	16	15	2	17	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	18	1	6	"	"	12402. 10½	113. 9¾	12516. [illegible]			"	12402. 10½	113. 9¾	12516. [illegible]	[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]	113. 9	10997. 10½	[illegible]
Tadiy Combu	1		1	21	7	28	22	7	29	18½		[illegible]	20	7	8	3	3	39798. ¾	177. 10½	[illegible]	577. 10¾		571. 10½	39228. [illegible]	177. 10½	39406. [illegible]	[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]	177. 10½	[illegible]	[illegible]
Vadamadura	1		1	4	"	4	5	"	5	"	18	[illegible]	12	1	12	"	"	10501. 9	277. 13¾	10779. 6¾	"	"	8	10501. [illegible]	277. 13¾	10779. 6¾	[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]	277. 13½	[illegible]	[illegible]
Combaputty	1		1	12	4	16	13	4	17	17½		[illegible]	12	5	11			12526. 8¾	537. 6	13063. 14½	201. 13½	13. 4	222. ½	12324. 13½	537. 6	12841. 14½	346. [illegible]		[illegible]	9054. ½	517. 3	[illegible]	537. 14
Govanoor	1		1	7	"	7	8	"	8	12¾		40	28		3		"	7292. 13½	61. 9	7354. [illegible]				7292. 13½	61. 9	7354. [illegible]	565. 10½		526. [illegible]	6726. 15½	61. 9	6788. [illegible]	510. 11
Adianoor	1		1	13	1	14	14	1	15	"	[illegible]	[illegible]	25	1	3		"	9739. 10½	264. 7½	10004. 1				9739. 10½	264. 7½	10004. 1	[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]	264. 2½	[illegible]	[illegible]
Tollanoor	1		1	7	3	10	8	3	11	"	[illegible]	[illegible]	24	2	18		"	5507. 12	184. 6	5692. 2				5507. 12	184. 6	5692. 2	[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]	184. 6	[illegible]	60. 3
Palaticherputty	1		1	7	1	8	8	1	9	"		[illegible]	30		8		"	5764. 10	232. 6¾	5997. [illegible]				5764. 10	232. 6¾	5997. [illegible]	[illegible]		5. 10½	5473. 10½	232. 6½	5706. 13½	6¾. 7½
Velahanoor	1		1	4	"	4	5	"	5	"	[illegible]	[illegible]	28	1	4	"	"	4906. 13½	157. 14	5064. 11½				4906. 13½	157. 14	5064. 11½	[illegible]		[illegible]	4824. 11¾	157. 14	4982. 9½	378. [illegible]
Chittanaickenputty	1		1	5	"	5	6	"	6	"	[illegible]	[illegible]	37	1	"		"	5911. 13½	49. 7	5961. 4½				5911. 13½	49. 7	5961. 4½	726. [illegible]		[illegible]	5185. 10½	49. 7	5235. 1½	619. 5½
Ellamatoorputty	1		1	"	"	"	1	"	1	"	35	[illegible]	16		"		"	1235. 6¾	1. 2½	1236. 6¾				1235. 6¾	1. 2½	1236. 6¾	130. 15½		[illegible]	1105. 7½	1. 2½	1106. 7½	[illegible]
Pallaputty	1		1	7	1	8	8	1	9	"	105	105	15	2	3		"	3529. 15	221. 5½	3751. 4				3529. 15	221. 5½	3751. 4	1100. [illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]	221. 5	[illegible]	[illegible]
Kaliamuttum	1		1	2	"	2	3	"	3	"	28	[illegible]	[illegible]				"	2521. 10½	"	2521. 10½				2521. 10½	"	2521. 10½	423. [illegible]		423. 8¾	2098. 1½	"	2098. 1½	160. 7¾
Madaputty	1		1	"	"	"	1	"	1	"	3	20	12				"	987. 15½	"	987. [illegible]				987. 15½	"	987. 15½	193. 6¾		193. 6½	794. 9	"	794. 9	104. [illegible]
	14		14	108	19	122	117	19	136	38½	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	2	3	113269. 11½	2285. 6¼	116358. 1¾	578. [illegible]	13. [illegible]	591. 10½	112694. [illegible]	2270. 2½	115360. 7	[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mullipaddy	1		1	4	"	4	5	"	5	"	34	[illegible]	[illegible]			1	1	2156. 13½	323. 9¾	2480. 6½				2156. 13½	323. 9¾	2480. 6½	494. 12		[illegible]	1662. 11	323. 9¾	1986. [illegible]	262. 2½
Coorumbaputty	1		1	1	1	2	2	1	3	"	8	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	"	3192. 11½	96.	3288. 11½	181. [illegible]		181. 10	3011. 1½	96.	3107. 1½	351. 7½	4	[illegible]	2659. 10	93.	2756. 10	115. 12½
	2		2	5	1	6	7	1	8	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	1	1	5349. 8¼	419. [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Grand Total	16		16	108	20	128	124	20	144	39⅝	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	22	93	4	4	117359. 3¾	2707. 13½	120067. 3½	955. [illegible]	18. [illegible]	973. 4½	116406. 3	2687. 13½	[illegible]	[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Deduct Teerwah?	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"																								
	16	"	16	108	20	128	124	20	144	39⅝	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	22	93	4	4	117359. 3¾	2707. 13½	120067. 3½	955. [illegible]	18. [illegible]	973. 4½	116406. 3	2687. 13½	[illegible]	[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]	3505. 12	[illegible]	[illegible]

[illegible] to the Revenue of Circuit [illegible]

Remainder Cultivable Ground 13	14	15	Average Value for each Acre 25	Average Value for each Acre 26	Average Value for each Acre 27	28	Total 29	Deduct 30	Nett Amount of Tillage 31
1099. 9¾	113. 9¾	1107. 10½	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	1197. 12½	[illegible]	7. 4/8	9. 3¾	7. 1¾/8	53. 9. 8	3139. 9. 8		2589. 7. 5
[illegible]	277. 13¾	[illegible]	3. 3¾	1. 3. ½	4. 1½/8	118. 5. 4	[illegible]		4403. 11. ½
8854. ½	514. 8	[illegible]	4. 6/8	3/8	4. 5	[illegible]	[illegible]		999. 9. 7¼
6726. 15½	61. 9	6793. 8½	7. 0	6. 10/8	8. 1¾	53. 8	1311. 0. 9¼		1311. 0. 9¼
[illegible]	264. 1½	[illegible]	3. 1½	5. 1¼	3. 2¼	1. 8.	1051. 7. 11½		1051. 7. 11½
[illegible]	184. 4	[illegible]	4. 7	4. 1	4. 1	1. 2. 8	1583. 9. 13½		1583. 9. 13½
4893. 11½	232. 6½	5126. 1½	5. 0	3. 0	5. 1¾/8	9. 9	1441. 2. 14½		1441. 2. 14½
1124. 11¾	157. 14	1282. 9¾	3. 0	1¾	3. 0¾/8	7. 1. 8	995. 14½		995. 0. 12½
5115. 10¾	19. 7	5095. 1½	4. 1½	1. 12/8	4. 1¾/8	22. 8.	1225. 8. 8		1225. 8. 8
1102. 13¾	1. 5½	1104. 7½	4. 0	1. 1¾	1. 4/8	55. 5. 4	2898. 5. 1½		2898. 5. 1½
[illegible]	221. 5¼	[illegible]	7. 3/8	1. 4	7. 2¾/8	8. 4	1198. 1. 14		1198. 1. 14
2097. 1½		2097. 1½	7. 0¾	1. 1¾/8	7. 4¾/8	23. 5. 8	1201. 1. 8		1201. 1. 8
794. 9		794. 9	4. 4¾		4. 4¾/8	20. 3. 8	1553. 2. 10½		1553. 2. 10½
					1. 3/8	12. 1.	615. 12		615. 0. 12
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	1. 3. 3¾	0. 1¾	126. 5.	25582. 5. 2½		25582. 5. 2½
1662. 11	383. [illegible]	1926. [illegible]	6. 1¾	1. 1. 12¾	7. 6¾	12. 5.	57. [illegible]	113. 5. 3½	1201. 5. 10½
1029. 10	92.	1124. 10	[illegible]		4. 11¾	[illegible]	214. 3. 1½	34. 8. 7½	1144. 6. 7
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	6. 0	1. 1¾	6. 1¾	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
3611. [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	6. 1¾/8	1. 3. 3¾	5. 1¾/8	[illegible]	26275. [illegible]	[illegible]	24177. 6. 0½
36813. [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	6. 13/8	1. 3. 3¾	6. 7¾	[illegible]	26655. [illegible]	[illegible]	26452. 5. 3½

The Pollams 24 in Number Comprise by Computed measurement 83,156 3/8 Khorles of Ground or 4262 1/4 Chay of Punja & 366,107 3/8 Khorles of Punja there are 240 Villages & 852 Cottys 10,888 Houses 142 Tanks 317 Looms & 747 Pagodas - Independent of a Small Pollam named Kattambaddy dependant on Pyluny which Contains 4 Small Villages & Pays an Annual Tribute of 500 Chuckrams to the Polygar of Pyluny - It is Supposed to Contain about 3440 Khorles of Land or 10 Chay & 3040 Khorles of Land

Comby - This Pollam is Situated at the Head of the Valley and lays due West of Makiyamcottah - The Polygar is named Appajee Goundan aged about 28 Years of Age he has One Son Heir to the Pollam an Infant about 2 years of Age not yet Named - In the Event of the Present Polygar dying without Issue his Uncles Sons are Heirs to this Pollam - His name Shan Mootoo Goundan

Sharatoo Goundan Eldest Son

Caulapa Goundan Second Son

Appajee Goundan Third Son

Sankeralinga Goundan Fourth Son

The Pollam contains by Computed measurement

measured 50 Ckey of Neya of 5420 Noolrof Paya Land of which
4700 are Arable Land. There are 5 villages and Two Petty
2 Tanks depending entirely on the Rain 1 Pagoda dedicated to
the Ezwara 50 Small Ones
the Vishnoo — The Pollams is in a very high state of Cultivation
and estimated to Produce about 3000 Chuks annually —
Appears [illegible] keeps about 100 Peons including those kept
to Watch the Circar Lands, he can produce at a very short
Notice, Peons in much larger number as a great part of the
[illegible] Cultivators hold their Lands on a very moderate
Tribute Conditionary to turn out as Peons of Occasion [illegible]
The Polygar Resides in a small Square Mud Fort [illegible] there
there is a large Breach on the North Side of [illegible] place
of no Strength & situated in an Open Country — Country is the
There are 30 Lagoons tanks at [illegible]
Rajah Lands of This Polygar Watches the Villages of Outampollam
& Mahgemootalu ~~[illegible] the [illegible] 29 1/4 Ckey of Neya~~
~~at Outampollam Independant of [illegible] as [illegible]~~
~~Cultivated by the [illegible] as will appear by the accounts of~~
~~these Villages Page.~~ 28 24 The Statement No 1 will give the
Amount Particulars of the Lands &c there being no Rivers in
this Pollam the Tanks depend entirely on the Rains in a
favourable Season they might Produce 3800 — This is [illegible]

Comby is one of the 6 Pollams that were not sequestered by the

Sultaun Appajee Goundan was in Possession of his Pollam when the

District fell to the Company the Polygar has shewn a backwardness

in obeying the Orders of the Company respecting the immediate delivery

of Hanamantapetty in other Respects his Conduct has been since my

arrival Obedient in every Respect — The Tribute Propos.d is 1500

Chuckrums there is an Increase of 950 Chuckrums Annually and

is much as I Conceive the Pollam can bear yet is to be Considered

that the assuming Hanamantapetty makes the Annual Increase

in fact Above 2000 Chucks Appajee Goundan was the first

Polygar that attended my Cutchery He is of the Coppelia

Caste

⊕ Yerasenamoor is another Pollam that was not Sequestered the Poligar was in Possession when the District fell to the Company his Youth makes it improper to comment on his Conduct this Pradanie has always been Obedient – In my opinion the Pollam will not bear an increase of Tribute it certainly paid something more in the Sultauns time but then the Poligar was an Adult – yet is not Surprising that in a minority of 9 years /not yet nearly expired/ that the Country should have been in some measure Neglected. The Poligar is of Tottyar or Combatatar Caste –

of the very few Pollams brought up to its full Value, The Village of Goochenoor is claimed by Appajee Gaundan at now opposite to the Pollam of Booddenoyagnur, It is the finest Village in the Pollam next to the Royahdany. ~~[illegible]~~

Yerrasiccanoor — This Pollam is situated about 6 Miles East of Oitamepollam the Polygar is a youth about 11 years of age named Moottolagery naique he has only one Relation an Uncle who is unmarried the Pollam is computed to yield Containing 10 Cbuy of Nunja & 1625 Cholees of Punja Ground & to Produce 500 Chuckrs annually the Lands are in very bad Condition owing Probably to the youth of the Polygar, the Country is Managed by his Pradanni who is chiefly directed by Condool Mungunur Naique Polygar of Gautiya Naique Noor, who has Patronised the Naique since the death of his Father which happened about 9 years ago, there are 6 Villages The Polygar Resides in a Small miserable Fort of no Strength at Yerrasiccanoor the Royahdany Moottolagery Naique Watches the [illegible] Villages of Thierumpatta Colum by ~~which he [illegible] 10 Cbuy of Nunja 900 Cholees of Punja [illegible] [illegible] of [illegible] [illegible] the [illegible] [illegible] as appears from the Account of this Village [illegible]~~ The Statement No 2 will Shew the Present State of the [illegible] number of Houses & the Pollam is Capable of Improvement and

there

Should be brought to 1000 Chuckums — There are no Manufactorys in the Pollam 4 Small Pagodas ⊕

Taveram This is a very Small Pollam situated about 10 Miles North West of Chelumpatty 4 Miles N of Cumbum & 15 West South West of Boodevanayacanoor, it Contains Only One Village the Rajahdany — the Lands Comprehend 100 Cheys of Nunjee & 5100 Acres of Punja Land of which only 500 Acres of the latter are Cultivated the Tank from which the Nunja was Watered is Broken by the White Pollam Shamefully Neglected The Pollam is Computed to Produce 357 Chuckums Annually but it Certainly Worth 1700 if put in proper order — There are 11 Houses of 2 Pagodas the Polygar named Conda Ramana Naique aged about 30 years Married to a daughter of Veeramundi Naique he has no Children, but 2 Brothers of one of which is Married but has no Children — He was formerly Actual Prisoner by the Sultan obliged to pay his embassy the Mahomedan Polygar made a Settlement — He informs me that the Villages of Chintala Cherry, Nullenga piranam of Meeranaikpoor Mauz appertaining to Cumbum formerly belonged to his Pollam — He did not however produce any documents in Proof of the assertion and whatever the fact may be this is certain that under the present Renters the Lands are in a very high state of

of Cultivation [illegible] these [illegible] the Paddy Lands [illegible] to the Estate of Tanjore are totally Neglected — Vide Statement No 3

~~This Polygar [illegible] of [illegible] Customs at [illegible]~~

Boddinaigpoor This is a very fine Pollam situated about 16 Miles E.N.E. of Tavoream ~~82~~ 12 Miles West of Allyagnmore & 8 Miles North of Chilampatty It is computed to contain 310 Chy of Nunja and 51.920 Kholies of Punjah Land of the latter 45.000 are Hills of high Jungles including Villages Pasts &c. I have no doubt but that the whole of the 6920 Kholies are productive tho not actually cultivated when I was in the Pollam the whole was [illegible] ready for the Plough. I consider this Pollam to produce 7000 annually it is said [illegible] formerly produced 12000 Chucks but this Pollam has so often changed [illegible] its Masters that the Inhabitants have Emigrated many parts are Jungle there is little doubt [illegible] produce [illegible] time the Pollam was under Sequestration it never yielded more than 7500 Chucks gross there are 20 Villages of which [illegible] the Hills the Lands appertaining to which are included in the 45000 Kholies but I have not been able to obtain any satisfactory accounts of their produce — there is some large Tank for Agriculture of these [illegible] Supplyd by their Stone Dams, There are 2 very fine Rivers that take their

Rise

D   13

[Sequ]estration – This Pollam was Sequestered by the Sultan

and the Polygar allowed to again take Possession

thereof Subsequent to the district falling to the Company

This Pollam paid only 200 Chucks in the Sultans

time which was Reduced to 110 when he Returned to

his Pollam, The Pollam though Small Contains

a larger Proportion of Nunja Land & might be brought

to yield 1700 Chucks – I have assessed the Pollam

at 600 Chucks with a View to make the Cultivat[ion]

the Lands a measure of Necessity. I have never

had any Complaint agt this Polygar I believe

him to be very dependant on Booddee Naique

he is of Tottyar or Cumbalat [caste] –

Poss in this Pollam Namely that Vanittam of the Taluq
there are 54 Towns towns and 4 [illegible] Population of which
5 are in the Low Lands & [illegible] the Hills the Polygar is
Named Teroomala Booddee Naique This about 45 years of
Age, Has 4 Sons & one Daughter being Conja Naique the
Eldest is about 10 years of Age Since this to the Pollam &
Married –
Booddee Mootoo Naigue the Second Son
Rajoo Naique [illegible] Third [illegible]
Soorarooka Naique [illegible] fourth Son – The Daughter
Married to [illegible] Ramaswamy Naique Polygar of Tawram.

and For the Refractory Conduct of Teroomala Booddee Naig who
I [illegible] Commenced in his Pollam in May last I have already com-
municated & [illegible] Since that Period his Conduct has been better
Respectfull & Obedient his Pollam being very Extensive he is
Necessitated to keep up a Number of Peons for the defense of his
District there are only two forts of any Consequence one is
Booddee Naique [illegible] at Gocheenoor they are both situated
in Open Country & of no Strength [illegible] Regular Supply
Gocheenoor is the Village claimed by Appyea Goundan Polygar
Comby – Since the Company became Possessed of this District
Booddee Naique has Possession of the Village of Gotcheenoor [illegible]
[illegible] etc

75

to Lands and. 000 Mercals of Grain in Ootrapollam Allyngum in the Pataupollam Talook 2000 Morals of Land in Wangaroputty in the Paracottah Talook all of which he has Relinquished — The Amt Particulars of Said [illegible] will appear from the Returns of Booddee Naigue & Watchs of the Carnor Valley of Wangaroputty ~~for which he~~ ~~30 Chuckrams he [illegible] Carigar [illegible] to the Rajah of Paracottah by whom he [illegible] [illegible] Pataupollam~~ and has ~~24 Morals of Grain and Tamarind Cotarias Page 71~~

The 8 Villages in the Hills are said to have formerly belonged to the Talamalai of Goodaloor Rash — about 40 years ago they were either taken by or granted to the Polygar of Booddee Naigue ~~now~~ [illegible] the Rajah of Travancore took Possession of Goodaloor. The Paracottah Rajah reclaimed them and kept them for 2 years in 17 93 they again reverted to the Said Booddee Naigue who has since kept them the Polygar of Pylay has frequently attempted to take them from him — ⊕

Country of Naiguemoor is about 27 Miles East of Booddee Naigue Moor 10 South of Paracottah the Road lays through Allyngum which is 8 Miles West of it: & makes the distance from Paracottah 18 Miles. This Pollam is Computed to yield 28.940 Mercals of Grain or 60 lbs of Naigues & 38740 Morals of Dry Grain

ad

75

⊕ Booddeenaynoor was Sequestered by the Sultaun & the Polygar restored to the Pollam Subsequent to the District falling to the Company – In assessing this Pollam at 5000 Chucks I think I have not over rated it altho it exceeds the Tribute in the Sultauns time in the Sum of 1500 Chucks – the Proposed being for a fixed Tribute I am Convinced altho the Sum may bear hard the first Year, that the Pollam is well able to bear it in future and that the Polygar will Clear & cultivate a part of the very great Proportion of Jungle it now Contains – Tho[illegible] of the Pottygar [illegible] [illegible] Cast –

and Supposed to Produce about 4500 Chuckums annually the
is the Same it Produced when under Cumpanee – The Pollam is in
very bad Order & a great Proportion of the Land Barren, this
may in some degree be Accounted for by the great Number of his
Inhabitants that are Employed as Peons, the Polygar by
Watchers to the Circar Villages I do not Understand that the Pollam
was Produced more than 5000 Chuckms, the Village of Veera-
dos was destroyed many years ago I was not able to get any of the
Accounts of the Lands since the [illegible] – When under Cumpanee
the whole Lands was Covered with Jungle & no Account of
them to be Procured. The Produce of the Pollams as given in by
this Polygar only amounts to 1600 Chuckrams – but a much
larger portion of Land was Cultivated the last Phasely than
that what appears in the Statement the total quantity of
Land is I believe Correct – there are 28 Looms [illegible] as usual
at Chenam Kut, the Polygar is named Condul Mayam
Naique Aged about 30 years he has three Children the
Eldest named Vellapa Naique & Heir to the Pollam is
Two others are Infants not yet named, he has likewise
Two Brothers named Veerangee Naique & Sooba Roy
Naique who are the next Heirs in the Event of the
Death of the 3 Children. Condul Mayam Naique
has

has nearly lost the use of his limbs & is not without much difficulty hear able to articulate - for minute Particulars of the Pollam Vide Statement No 5 - Condul Narayan Nayue is Watcher of the Villages of Chinnamanoor, Coator, Chelumpatty, Verapany ... Woopypatty & Coonoor In the Vataupallam ... Goodooporam in the Poonachi Tallook of Andipatty - ... Part of Vatalacondum in the Vetcladen Tallook of Attoor - ...

Vaduguarray Is Situated South of Poonachi from which it is only divided by the River Varaha nudy. The Pollam Contains Independent of Nulls 570 Chey of Nunja & 8830 Choolies of Punja Land - Permanent Cawnty belonging Properly to Andipatty Pollams - 8188 Choolies of Ground 7988 of which being Jungle are not included in the Statement Account - The Lands are Watered by one River 7 Tanks and ... Stone Dams there are 20 Looms & 12 Pagodas there is a very fair Pollam but not in very good Order, there are ... Chey of Nunja 792 Choolies of Punja Granted as an Inam to the Poonachi Pagoda - The Polygar is named Rambolloo Nayue he is aged about 55 years has 3 Sons which Named - The Eldest named Condama Nayue - has a daughter

The Second - Ramish Sawmy has a Son Named Narranaya Nayue

The Third - Narayan has a Son named Pakeer Boodel Naye

The Polygar has likewise 3 Brothers named Comara Ramh Booddee

Tanjore [?] was likewise Sequestered by the Sultaun and allowed

Returned to his Pollam His Tribute of 2500 being Reduced to 1900

Pollams will I think very well bear being raised to its former

Tribute, but as it never yielded more than 4500 when under

I think not Recommend it being increased above 600

ly to 2500 Chucks This Pilyger one of the Poltyar or Coimbatore Coast —

77

Vadaguerry was Sequestered by the Sultaun and the Polygar

to Return subsequent to the District falling to the Company – There was

against his Conduct, at first, the Circumstance I mention

last being the Only Instance of his disobedience since we

took Possession of the district he has been permitted to

Lands of Perrinaur Carnity formerly appertaining to Andiapa

Villages of 4 Puttys destroyed of the 9100 Chuckrs he only

Rechor or 200 – the Rest having been Jungles the Ray

which he holds these Lands is now Investigating

Mangwur Whitehs a part of Peraapolum, Melnaughan

Continuing in the Pirabolum District b. is of the Gentoo

for and Protecting the Other Vasts Natural

Booddee Naygue, Moodie Vencottaty naygue, & Poota Maudan Naygue

this Pollam is Capable of much Improvement I understand it never produced more than 7000 Chucks, at present about 4500 It may however with Care be brought to be more Productive — Ram Boddee Naygue is a Man of Cast a very unusual thing in this District — &c

Doodanagputty — Is Situated about 11 Miles N.E. by E of Ponnacolum — On the direct Road from Dindygul to Cumbum &c It Contains 122 Chuy of Naija & 12590 Morlies of Punja — The Lands are Watered by the River it has 2 Small Tanks — there are 23 Pagodas — This Pollam is in a very bad Condition owing to its Remaining for Several Years without an owner, Gopaa Naygue Claimed this Pollam but not having Received any Sunnud therefore the Lands were — Neglected and Entirely in decay the Whole Chujily 1200 & the greater part of 1204 — the Produce therefore has been very trifling about 400 Chucks — there are 2 Towns & 23 Pagodas one of which one devoted to the goddess Caunmauche is deemed by the Natives of great Sanctity — The Poligar is head of the Church assumes the name of Poojauly & practises all Religious Ceremony a Circumstance peculiar to this Pollam — This has occasioned the Pollams diverted to the Circar which I have no doubt will

with the [illegible] with the Largess of the Sircar — the Present Poligar having only been invested in March last Could Receive no profits from the Pollam — The Poligar is named Nella Vadoo heir Son to the Yellamcoday Poligar of Madura and was Adopted by the Permission of the Board of Revenue and Invested on the 27 of March 1795 — He is a Young Man of about 22 years of age it is a Singular Circumstance that the 3 last Poligars of this Pollam have all Succeeded by Adoption and are from the Family of Yellamcoday — This Pollam was assessed at 5000 Chuckrams in the Sultauns time a much higher Tribute than I conceive it can bear — I have not therefore proposed any Increase on the Tribute fixed when the Company took Possession namely 3100 — He is of the Tottyar or Coombalatar Cast — Pagoda may [illegible] the Circar Village of Peracolum, Melamangalum, Thaal [illegible], Tamara Colum in the Peracolum Tallook — Vattala [illegible] of Yengoor [illegible] in the Vatala Condum Tallook — For Account Particulars of the Pollam vide Statement No

Dodeen Cottah Is Situated about one pound North of East to Vatala Condum at the distance of 5 Miles this Pollam is said to Contain 68 Chey: of Nunja & 1243 Khonlas of Punja ground nearly the whole being arable Land, they are Watered by 2 [illegible] from the River Moongelanayar the [illegible]

there

there are of Villages 2 Tanks & 8 Fanams of 12 Pagodas – the Pollam is 8
thunks worth about 1600 Chuckrums, it paid 858 in the Sultanees time
but in my opinion the present Jubate of 300 is very fair and
should not be Raised as this Pollam is not capable of much
Improvement it may nevertheless be brought to the former Jubates
without much trouble – The Polygars name is Dodoya Naigue
aged about 33 years he has no Son – but 3 daughters – of a Brother
named Arraoga Naigue who is Married and has a Son
named Cunnaura Saudry naigue of the 8 Fanams 5 are for the
Manufactory of Sannocaulums a Species of Carpets of tent at
3 Fanams all the others at 6 fanams each – Dodoya Cottah was
Sequestered by the Sultanee of the Polygar allowed to Return
Subsequent to the Country having fallen to the Company the
Polygars Conducts is very good of the County and high state
of Cultivation he is of the Tottyar or Combalater Caste –
For Account of this Pollam vide Statement No 8

Nella Cottah – This is a very fine Pollam situated about 6
Miles South of Attoor – it lays in a S.S.W. direction from
Dindigul at the distance of about 17 miles there is good Road
thereto without passing through Jungles – This Pollam is
Supposed to Contain 47 Chy of Nunjah of 8750 Chuckrums of

Punjah

Punja Land of the latter 6825 and Jungle had great deal capable of being cleared &c [illegible] supposed to produce [illegible] and are going [illegible] an-nually on the Pollam [illegible] formerly afforded [illegible] the Tribute proposed 9000 — I have however [illegible] the [illegible] Bound[illegible] of the Village of Pallicha [illegible] Resumed extends further than the Company allowed for Annagar [illegible] commission investigating this matter. If [illegible] the Lands will yield about 700 Chuk[illegible] & consequently are to be Resumed [illegible] allowance must be made in the proposed Tribute of [illegible] about 6300 or 6500 Chuckrs in lieu of 7000 [illegible] the subject [illegible] upon more fully hereafter, The Cadjans of this Pollam [illegible] Lands at 1400 [illegible] in the District [illegible] Village 3 35 Pettys these accounts being exact Copies from the Cadjans I did not think myself at liberty to alter them after the Resum[illegible] of the Village of 2 pettys this [illegible] between the Nayge Land to 45 [illegible] of the [illegible] to 1755 — There were 5 [illegible] 813 3 Pagodas The Polygar name is Gooday Naigue. He is a Young Man aged about 23 years has no Children. The brother [illegible] Saminy Naigue, this Pollam was [illegible]

[illegible] The Polygar attended to Return [illegible] to the [illegible] fully to the Company [illegible] Complaint against his Conduct. There of the Pettys on Cumbulator [illegible]

for [illegible] [illegible] Nellore [illegible] Negapatam [illegible] [illegible] agreed

Ammenanaigpet [illegible] This is a very extensive Pollam & comprises a

greater portion of Hills than any Pollam in the District the total

quantity of Land supplied supposed to be 305½ Cawny of Nunja & 844½

of Punja. The Lands in a good state of many parts of the Hills

cultivated [illegible] they consequently do not bear so high an assessment as

the [illegible] [illegible], there are 8 Villages of the Pollam in the [illegible]

called [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] lately assumed which reduces the

Pollam to be [illegible] a Small decrease in the Value of the Pollam

There was [illegible] as a defaulting Pollam in the Village of Vellore [illegible]

the Lands in Computation to produce annually 4,000 Chucks [illegible]

[illegible] by the Sultaun at 3690 Chucks [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

3600 [illegible] with [illegible] the Proposal for Increase of 2400

Chucks is large but as the Settlement is to be permanent

I think it should be brought to that Sum [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] to be Continued that the Poligar Pays a tribute of 1400 Chucks

[illegible] belonging to the [illegible] making a total of 7400. This Pollam

was sequestered by the Sultaun of the Late Seringapatam Commissioners

[illegible] permitted to take Possession of the Pollam [illegible] [illegible]

to the Sultaun [illegible] falling to the Company. [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

of 1792 when the [illegible] [illegible] Nagore [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

Cowrey the Bounds of the Seringheri [illegible] shortly before the Death of Narrainen, there are 4 Tanks 24 Looms & 5 Pagodas the [illegible] of the Poorderai [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] A Mage of the Pollam — the [illegible] Particulars of this Pollam will appear from Statement No. 80 Head of the Pollygar & [illegible] [illegible]

Ammenayaganoor is Situated due West of Dindigul at the distance of 18 Miles & 8 Miles East of Nella Cottah

Reyga Amuttera Is Situated about ½ way between Dindigul &

Ammenayganoor - Is Situated due South of Dindigul at the Dist of about 8 Miles it is a Small but Compact Pollam in good Condition Contains 3670¼ Cawlies of Punja Land & is Supposed to Yield Annually about 2000 Chukrs nearly the whole of the Lands are Arable - there are 7 Villages & 8 Pettys & Tanks 12 Looms & 8 Pagodas the Polygar named Makala Naique aged about 27 Years He has One Daughter, His Elder Brother named Chinnamma Naique aged about 40 has no Issue his younger Brother named Cadery Naique is aged 26 unmarried - There Two Brothers of the late Polygar [illegible] the Eldest [illegible] [illegible] Ramana Naique has one Son named Ponnan aged about 24 years the Second Brother named Cadery Naique has [illegible] a Son named Gollen aged 10 years - This Pollam was Sequestered by the Sultaun, and the Present Polygar

permitted

granted [illegible] Retained thirty, Subsequent to the Contract fully to the

Company — I have not heard any Complaint against him; the former

Tribute was 15 [illegible] Chuckrums the Amount 1500 is a little I think is a

very fair assessment and full enough for such Extent of the

Pollam. Vide Statement No 11. He is of the Totiyar or Cumbala Caste

Towash Madda — This is a very small Pollam belonging to the [illegible]

Value of Contains 288 Khoolies of ground. It is Situated about 12 Miles

N. E. of Ammattoor & 7 1/2 Miles S. E. of Pondygul. This Pollam was

Sequestered by the Sultaun & the Father of the Present Polygar

allowed to Return Subsequent to the Contract fully to the Company

the former Tribute was 30 Pagodas. It was raised by the

Company to 65. This Tribute in my Opinion should rather be

Considered as an Acknowledgement than as a Revenue of a

very Few. I cannot recommend an Increase — The late Polygar is

stated in having left [illegible] named Seely Naig the Present Polygar

is a Young Man named Sholala Naigue He was Appointed

by the Company about 3 years ago — He has a Son aged 2 years

and assisted by a Brother named Tamarush Naigue aged 22

years the 402½ Khoolies which formerly belonged to Government

not entered in the Extent of the Pollam, they appear to

have been occupied by the Polygar ever since the Contract fell to the

Company & the Produce to Government was Rented on the

85

of November 1794 this Land was not included – but belonged to ye Pett of
Towach Madda and where the Lands are Comprized being Pergh
they were Pointed out by the Curnum Cunningly as appertaining to the
Pollam – If these Lands [illegible] be Resumed it will increase the Value
of the Pollam – Independant of these Lands I believe it is not a [illegible]
to [illegible] [illegible] he is enabled to pay any Tribute [illegible] his Lands are
very good & the Inhabitants appear very happy – The young Man is a
good deal guided by his Uncle Cummaran Naick – the Polygar is
entered in the Company's Books by the name of Jetty Allegary
Naique – there are 3 Villages of 8 Pettys including the 3 aforementioned
1 Tank & Lands of 11 Small Pagodas – The Polygar is of the Tottyar
or Combalator Cast – for aud Particulars of the Pollam Vide Statement
No 12 –

Jenecalepooram Is Situated about 3 Miles N. E of Towach Madda
& 10 Miles E. S. E. of Yeer Vandygal, this is a Small Pollam in
very high Order nearly all the Arable Lands being Cultivated
It was Sequestered by the Sultauns of the Polygar [illegible] to
Return subsequent to the District falling to the Company. The Tribute
was 550 Chuckrs of [illegible] Reduced by the Board to 450 which
appears to me full as much as it is able to Pay – There are 100
Noolis of Land which have long been in dispute between the
Pollam & the [illegible] Village of Vembarpatty in Consequence of which
it has been for Standing Resum'd to Jungle & the Polygar now begs

229/16

Cawnies
229 3/16 Chy of Pay. Lands and to have formerly belonged to Government -

The Remarks made Respecting the 452/8 Cawnies of Tevant Madde

are applicable to this - At both Places the Polygars have been allowed

to Cultivate the Lands by their own and without Tenants & given the Circar

Lands were Rented in November 1794 Since the Polygar has built his

Sinnik Pettah and nearly Cultivated the whole of the Lands The

Polygar is a Young Man named Rama Lohia Naigue Aged 18

Years he has no Child - or Brother - his first Cousin is aged

about 28 years named Cootty Naigue who has a Son named

Annendeah Aged 6 years the Conduct of the Polygar is good

he is of the Cast of Tottyar or Cambolatars - there are 4 Villages

and 6 Pettys 4 Tanks 3 Gonns of 11 Pagodas in this Pollam

for Minute Particulars of this Pollam vide Statement No 18

Maranoot Lays due East of Dindigul at the distance of about

13 Miles & 4 Miles North East of Yennaloyanoor through which

the Carriage Road to Dindigul lays nearly a distance of 6 Miles

This is a Compact little Pollam very well Cultivated Supposed

to Contain Independent of Disputed Land 15 Chy of Nunjah &

220 1/2 Cawnies of Punjah there are 4 Villages & 6 Pettys 10

Tanks 15 Meadows of 45 Pagodas - This Pollam was Sequestered

by the Sultaun as the late Polygar Antamee belonged to the

Dindigul faction & the Company of dead [illegible]

and

end of 1792 When the Present Polygar was [illegible] by the Company —
The former Jumma was 950 but it amounted to about [illegible] a Portion of
Land in Dispute between the Pollams of Madura and Sivagunga —
[illegible] of which [illegible] 155 1/2 Villages which have long been
[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Villages of Sivaganga
[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] to
Jungle — Should these lands be adjudged to Manamadura Pollam
it will be a proportionate Increase in my opinion [illegible] —
The Present Polygar is named Chinna Allagari Naig being no
Son, His Brother [illegible] adopted by Damodara Kistnama
Naigue — The Father of the Present Polygar was the younger
Son of Caddary Naigue [illegible] however [illegible] the
Succession should Revert to the Elder [illegible]
Sons of Commoraswamy Naigue [illegible] to Caddary
Naigue [illegible] [illegible]
[illegible] Ramma Naigue aged [illegible]
Rungasa Naigue aged [illegible] years The Polygar
[illegible] of the Talliary of Cumbalakottai [illegible]
for [illegible] Particulars of the Pollam [illegible] Statement [illegible]
Nadoor — is situated about 25 Miles [illegible] of Dindigul
and 6 Miles to the North of Manamadura — This Pollam was Separated
by the [illegible] the Brother of the Present Polygar [illegible]
[illegible] Subsequent to the [illegible] [illegible]. He
died

died about 3 years ago since the Present Poligar was [illegible] by the Company – his name is Vencatty Saumy Naigue he is aged about 40 years has 4 Children 2 Sons 2 daughters, the Eldest Son aged 6 years named Terumalay Mootoo Vencapa Naigue the Younger aged 1 year named Mootoo Vencapa Naigue. The Pollam is lately put under Management in Consequence of the Ballance due to the Company – this is one of the Pollams that has suffered so Materially from the Intemperance of Many Renters to which Circumstance may be attributed the whole of the Ballance, the Accounts of this Pollam have been Submitted to the Board of Revenue, a Statement [illegible] is transmitted

No. [illegible]

Chockampetty. Is Situated about 12 Miles N.E. of Madras and about 20 Miles from Poonamallee this Pollam was likewise Sequestered by the Sultaun, the Present Poligar Returned Subsequent to the Company taking charge. His name is Pellamootoo Naigue aged about 30 years. He has 2 Brothers the Eldest named Mootala Naigue aged about 15 years the Youngest named Pettala Naigue aged about 12 years. the Poligar is of the Poligar Cast Called Cumbulatee Cast. This Pollam is lately [illegible] put under Management in Consequence of the Ballance due to the Company [illegible] Ballance [illegible] a [illegible] at Madras [illegible] entirely owing to the Interference

Moungalinthar in the [illegible] the Pollams [illegible] the [illegible]

the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Pattenbers — [illegible]

a greater Appearance of Poverty than in the Pollams — I must do

both [illegible] Polygars the Justice to say they [illegible] the greatest [illegible]

to me of own willing to Submit to any Arrangements that should

be proposed for the Purpose of liquidating their Pollams that

had derived from Incumbrances [illegible] this land is carried by the

Pollams having been Sequestered without the use of a Single Sepoy —

Yerradyadoo Is Situated about 10 Miles N.W of Chookampatty

and lays a little to the Eastward of North to Dindigul at the

distance of about 20 Miles it is a very fine Pollam Supposed

to Produce about 9000 Chuckrs Annually it Contains 17

Villages of 17 Puttys, 7 Tanks 15 Wells of 60 Pagodas the Land

Comprised 129½ Cheys of Nunja & 29,205 Kurlies of Punja

Pollam under the [illegible] of being Sequestered when the Pollam

fell to the Company on the Death of the Father of [illegible]

[illegible] the Pollam [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] been

[illegible] [illegible] Usurped Yerradyadoo [illegible] the

Brother of [illegible] [illegible] Polygar [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the Nephew [illegible] Confirmed

[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Moodoo

[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] Valley / Vella [illegible] Marjini [illegible] aged about

20 years was released from confinement [illegible] by the [illegible]

[illegible] in the Company [illegible] [illegible]

Brother [illegible] aged 25 [illegible] named Pedda Saumy

Marjini the 3d aged 22 years of named Chinna Saumy Marjini

The Tribute in the Sultans time was 7500 Chucks but reduced

by the Company [illegible] to 6900 in my opinion this Pollam

very well bear an Increase of Tribute of [illegible]

former [illegible] the Poligar is one that is [illegible]

entirely to the under [illegible]

Conduct of the Poligar aged [illegible] [illegible]

have Read his [illegible]

[illegible] of the Poligar or [illegible]

of this Pollam [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] no doubt belongs to the Pollam [illegible]

Tributary of the [illegible] & the Polygar [illegible] Naique Polygar [illegible]

vandy [illegible] of the Board of Revenue [illegible] to be settled by arbitration

[illegible]. [illegible] public [illegible]

[illegible] Pollam [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] Polygar [illegible]

[illegible] Naique Polygar of [illegible]

[illegible] to [illegible]

[illegible] Pollam [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] Tribute [illegible] Pollam [illegible]

[illegible] Polygar [illegible]

[illegible] Naique [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] between [illegible]

[illegible] Polygar [illegible] Naique [illegible]

[illegible] named [illegible]

[illegible] Naique [illegible]

[illegible] Pollam [illegible]

[illegible] Polygar [illegible]

[illegible] Pollam [illegible]

[illegible] Polygar [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] fully to the Company [illegible] in the [illegible] Debts [illegible] Chief [illegible]

Certainly [illegible] not in my opinion [illegible] Promise —

Yerra Cottah [illegible] is situated about 14 Miles West of Cuddapah [illegible]

[illegible] the Road lays through the [illegible] Villages [illegible] Made

[illegible] the [illegible] Pollam of [illegible]

Nagaiah [illegible] Sketches of Peiga; the Pollam [illegible]

[illegible] Company [illegible]

[illegible] Yerragunta [illegible] the Pollam [illegible] Sequestered by the Sultan

[illegible] the father of the present Pollygar [illegible] in possession [illegible] the [illegible]

[illegible] fell to the Company, [illegible] came [illegible]

Pollygar a youth about 17 years of age [illegible]

Coondooroo Chinnappa Naique, [illegible]

[illegible] Yerra Cottah [illegible] Naique [illegible]

He has a Younger Brother aged 5 years [illegible]

~~[illegible]~~, an Uncle named [illegible]

Naique who has 3 Sons, the Eldest 26 years of age [illegible]

Coonnooroo Moodee [illegible] Naique the 2d Son [illegible]

Cushry Naique [illegible] years of the third Son named

Collenda Vullanda Naique [illegible]

Villages of 17 Pettahs [illegible]

[illegible] the Sultan [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

now Pays 2537 Pags. annually. I was informed by [illegible] 3000 - the
Polygar is active and thrifty in Business, Entirely averse to the Extortion
of Money Lenders - my Ideas on this Subject have been detailed
before. I found with Pleasure this Polygar freed his Purse from Embarrass-
ment by his own Diligence [illegible] no Complaint against
the Conduct of his people - He has been patronized by the
Polygar of Mundakaud and Entirely a very good Man. He is of the
Tottyar or Comballatar Cast see under Particulars of the Pol-
lam under Statements No. [illegible]

Mamberra - This is a Compact little Pollam with only high
Jungle, Situated about 6 Miles from Yerracottah a little to
the Eastward of North. The Pollam's Situation presents
nothing further Notable than of Pollams in the Districts only
divided from the body of Annavasal by the [illegible] Country
by a Common Hedge and Foot patch being the Boundary between
these two Countrys. This Pollam was [illegible] respecting the Death
Polygar was well disposed [illegible] Country has charge
I believe aged about 40 years named Sagaram Terry Naigue
he has 4 Sons

the Eldest aged 10 years named Peruma [illegible] Naigue
the Second — 8 — Commera Codey Naigue
the Third — 6 — Lenda Comara Naigue
Lachumna Naigue

the

[illegible] - This little Pollam contains 4 Villages [illegible] Pettys, its Lands 366
Cawneys of Compression? about 1566 [illegible] of Land, 828 of which
are Cultivated, and great Part of the Remainder [illegible]
Cultivation, this Man's Conduct has always been very good
[illegible] in the troubles of Dindigul?
think his Pollam without being [illegible]
of the Polligar or Cultivator [illegible]
Vide Statement No. 20 of Read [illegible]

Oyloy? - This Pollam lays a little to the Northward of West
to Dindigul of this at the Distance of about 36 Miles the
Road through Cotapilly? in the Pollam of Cunnyvaddy? of Van[illegible]
of Sajapody? This is [illegible] the Richest Pollam in the
District It was Sequestered by the Sultaun about the Dut[illegible]
fell to the Company it was Restored in the name of Vyap[illegible]
Naique [illegible] Naique [illegible]
being about 3 Months Subsequent to the [illegible] of the Settle[illegible]
Ordered for 8600? [illegible] Chucks? - The Polligar
is now in Confinement of the Particulars of his Conduct
before the Board of Revenue; this Pollam many years ago belonged
[illegible] named [illegible] Batta? from which the [illegible]
takes its name - It was divided into 3 Districts Oyl[illegible]
the Principal, Rattambady? & Sajapody? & [illegible]

then

thereon, Nattamkaddy descended in the Male Line, Jagoody in the female Line. these Polygars are of the Vadder Cast, the same cast in the District of [illegible] consequently intermarried with each other — The Succession always descending in the Male Line. On the event of there being no Heir to Ozhlay the Succession devolves to Nattamkaddy of New Varro in case of of the Polygar of Nattamkaddy dying without Issue — the female Line being excluded — [illegible] by the Laws of Vishnu no Worshipper of that god can Marry a Relation on the Mothers Side. both these Polygars being from Jagoody — The District of Jagoody has lately been divided from Ozhlay & formed into a Separate Pollam — Nattamkaddy [illegible] appertaining to Ozhlay & [illegible] an Extent of 50 [illegible] formerly, there are [illegible] Villages named Nattamkaddy Poombooyputty, Tyengollam & Kundy Putty — the latter [illegible] and the Lands Rent to people, there are 8 [illegible] and the Pagodas 110 [illegible] of Nunja [illegible] of Punja land The Pollam is supposed to [illegible] about 1500 [illegible] and rents to the Polygar 1200 it might perhaps be brought to about 2000 [illegible] but not being [illegible] the Pollam [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] of [illegible] the [illegible] [illegible] ~~[illegible]~~ the [illegible] [illegible] Mooyadkadu [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the Pollam [illegible]

[illegible] part of the Dindygul District, but the great Reduction of the Rates should nevertheless have enabled the Polygar to be punctual in his Payments the Pollam is proposed to be Rented at 2500 Chs and it is believed to be beyond [illegible] the Capacity [illegible] by [illegible] the Polygar Retains the Value of the Pollam 9000 Chucks [illegible] have been that the Rent is proposed to be Rented 9000 [illegible] a Jummabundy of 11000 Chucks and it should be observed that a [illegible] Period at which this Pollam was assessed by the Sultan at 60,000 Rupees was Subsequent to the Settlement being [illegible] [illegible] the Polygar of Tagoody [illegible] of the [illegible] Sequestered [illegible] for and Detached of Pylney [illegible] the Pollam to Pylney Vide Abstract No 2

Tagoody — Is Situated about 5 Miles from Pylney on the Dindygul Road it has already been observed formerly belonged [illegible] Vetter Tagoody [illegible] a part of the Pylney Pollam [illegible] no doubt the [illegible] part of that Country [illegible] of 22 Tanks by which this Country was Watered [illegible] of the opportunity to Tagoody from the Situation of the Tanks [illegible] dry Season these Tanks must [illegible] the Waters descending to Pylney — The Polygar is named Chella [illegible] Condama Naigue Aged about 45 years, he has no legitimate Children [illegible] Polygar and [illegible] the Board of [illegible] The Pollam Contains [illegible] Villages [illegible] Pettahs 80 Tanks 19 [illegible]

12 Pagodas the Lands composed 311½ Cawny of Nunjah and 9320 Cawnies
of Punjah nearly ¼th of which are arable Lands — the Jumma at
Present Produces at least 7000 Chucks, the whole the Tributs
[illegible] 4000 I must however confess that Paimlier this is a
very low assessment in proportion to the other Pollams of that
[illegible] might be brought to 8000 [illegible] Oppression of any kind — of
the Conduct of the Polygar I have already Commented he always
professes Obedience but Secretly acts diametrically opposite —
The Polygar's Maternal Uncle to Vellanda Naique having
neither Brother or legitimate Issue — the Next Heir to
the Pollam in a Second Cousin — the Line of Descent being as
follows, Obella Condama Naique had 2 Brothers, named
Nella Condama Naique & Chinna Condama Naique, the latter
died without Issue — the Present Polygar Obella Condama
Naique is the only descendant from Obella Condama Naique
and on his dying without Issue, the Pollam devolves to the
descendants of Nella Condama Naique [illegible] had 2 Sons named
Obella Condama Naique & Cooty Condama Naique both
living — Obella Condama Naique has 1 Son named Venkata
Condama Naique & Presumptive Heir to the Pollam — There
[illegible] his Uncle Cooty Condama Naique an

now

more Infirm [illegible] the Rocks of Dindigul &c. is Presumed by the

Authority of Government there Seizure [illegible] Conquered

to one or [illegible] belonging all [illegible] of the Early Conduct [illegible] may

be so. Since I have been particular on this Subject [illegible]

it very probable that [illegible] the lands of the Present Polygar's [illegible]

despite [illegible] property the [illegible] the Polygar [illegible]

of the Under Court [illegible] Extent of this Pollam [illegible]

Returned No. 22

Veerapatchee — This Pollam is Situated about 28 Miles nearly West of Dindigul it is very Extensive & Contains a large Portion of Hills. The Pollam was Sequestered by the Sultaun and it was Some time Subsequent to the Company's being in Possession of the Country that the Present Polygar returned. He is now very aged about 70 Named Gopaula Naique. The Pollam is [illegible] but the Jungles being very hard [illegible] every [illegible] Conceive the Pollam may be brought to 12,000 Chuckrums — It now Produces about 9000 — there are 10 Villages & 26 Puttys & Tanks & [illegible] of 45 Pagodas — The Lands Supposed to contain 22 Chey of Nunja & 23,313 [illegible] of Punja [illegible] — I [illegible] large Portion of Land is Capable of producing Paddy and [illegible] of Opinion that this Pollam would be able to Pay [illegible] Chuckrums Annually — The Polygar has 7 Sons

[illegible]

By his First Wife 93

The Eldest named Dapary Naique [illegible] Daughter

the Second Muthu Valla Naique 1 D°

By his 2d Wife

The Third Pampa Pinnagen

The Fourth Chenna Pinnagen Not named

By his 3d Wife

The Fifth Cootty Annum

The Sixth Pinnagen

The Seventh Sabarayen — D°

The Polygars of the Tottyar or Combalatar Cast for the Particulars of this Pollam vide Statement No 23 –

Caunyvandy Is Situated about 15 Miles West of Dindigul. Is a very poor Country and in very bad ~~water~~ good ~~[illegible]~~ The Pollam Contains ~~[illegible]~~ 40 Villages 9 Tanks 45 Lowns of [illegible] Pagodas – 327 Chayms of Nanjai [illegible] 33 7/0 Chayms of Punjai – The Hills are very extensive. This Pollam was Sequestered by the Sultaun the [illegible] Polygar [illegible] admitted to [illegible] Subsequent to the District falling to the Company. He died on the 12 of March – The Present Polygar a very fine youth aged about 20 was Invested by order of the Board of Revenue on the [illegible] his [illegible] Andiyapah Naique. He [illegible] a Younger Brother [illegible] aged about 12 years

He has an [illegible] called [illegible] Nayar who has 2 Sons

Named Andeapah Nayar ^ This Pollam when Sequestered never

yielded to the Comr more than 21.000 Chucks [illegible] the first

year when the Cattle &c were Sold — This Pollam may I think

bear being [illegible] to 18,000 Chucks it paid 12300 in the Pollam

time of our ~~Restored~~ Reduced ^ to 10200 from the Country falling to the Company

This is the only Pollam in the District of any Weight the Fort

of Cunnyvaddy is mostly formed by the Surrounding Rocks yet

by Nature very Strong the fortification are in very bad Repair — It

is however the only Fort capable of making any Resistance

against Regular Troops —

I have reason to be satisfied with the Conduct

of this Young Man & of his People — and am of Opinion that the

Proposed Tribute is neither light or [illegible] the Extent of his Pollam

~~the [illegible]~~ Collection would be considerable — This is of the

~~Tottyar [illegible] for his~~ Tottyar or Cumblatur Cast for and

Particulars of this Pollam Vide Statement No 24 — Andiapah Nayar

Watches the Villages of Attoor in the [illegible] Cundea Taluck, [illegible] Pettah [illegible]

[illegible] of [illegible] Pay of the Bandat Cumbat Taluck

Having Submitted the general Remarks on these

Pollams I shall Proceed to Observe ^that in general the Conduct of

the Polygars is much better than could be expected from a

Race of Men, they having hitherto been Excluded the Benefits &

Advantages which almost [illegible] Conquered

Country are Intermixed [illegible] their Conquerors — With

the Exception of a very few when I arrived they had scarcely any connexion with Europeans of any Sort being acquainted with a proper degree of Confidence in, & belonging to the Company as their Protectors, they dread the approach of Europeans & this I am Convinced might easily be gotten the better of for with the Exception of Wallandur Maiyar of Gopee Maiyar I have much pleasure in Saying that every Polygar in the district has attended my Cutcherry. The Influence of Soucars is certainly an Evil but of no Magnitude when put in Competition with the Baneful consequences that have arisen from Dubashes being authorised to act as Soucars, the evil has been particularly felt in the District for those Pollams in which Vencatachellum was permitted to act in this Capacity viz. all in Cumum Pylney the Polygar a Person [illegible] Sequestered Mootoor of Chockampetty now under Management — Yerrygalee of Yerra Cottah in Cumum — They made the Same of all the Pollams in the District except Pylney I am enabled to Speak with some degree of Precision [illegible] the Total Quantity of Land to be nearly Covered with and after [illegible] Over the Next Quarter — the Assets were taken by my [illegible] separately for the Budget of each Village — In Respect to the Number of Houses they are not to be Considered as Correct in Houses, Sequestered family, it frequently happens that

One family Occupy 3 or 4 Houses, there are no Lists of the Board

the Cohan Cadaiars & Dissenters in fact

Number of Inhabitants ^ in the Pettams exclusive of Hill People

is Estimated at about — 96000 & in the Lower lands at

about 66.000 / 162000 — This Calculation is made on a

Supposition that every House in the Pettams Contain 9 Inhabitants

and in the Lower Villages 8. Women & Children above 10 years

of Age being included of this number about 1000 are

Supposed to be Christians —

I am Concerned that the short time

I have been in this District has prevented my having any Possibility of

seeing the whole of the Lands, I have Visited all the Neighbourhoods

and been over a great ^part Deal of the Lands. To make a proper

Survey of them would Require much more time than I have

been able to appropriate to the purpose, after the Monsoon the

Moment I am at leisure I propose making the Tour of the Hills

I think it very probable that I shall find many Villages not

Mentioned in this Report particularly in the Hills of Veerapatchee

In Addition I have only to add that in deviating from the

Orders of the Board Respecting this Report I have been

Influenced entirely by a Wish to procure the Revenue of

this Country and I would not have had anything justified

had I withheld from your knowledge that the Polygars were Enabled to bear an increase of Tribute amounting to 12,000 Annually — Should the Proposed Tribute be adopted it will bring the Pollygars within 1123 Chuckr of what they Paid in the Sultans time Should Ragooby be assessed at 5000 in lieu of 6000 the Increase will be very trifling indeed — At the Expiration of these Leases I should conceive the Circar Tribute might be raised to their full Value of the little District produced to the Company which they did to the Sultan about 2 Lack of Chuckr — The Pollams on the Rivers which run through the different Pollams —

A List of

Booddeenaygnoor	Taneyar Virrittarro
Guntupnaygnoor	Vigee
Vaduguvray	Veeraka Nudy Pombar ~~Neelwaranno~~ Cilanayer ~~Coodelanno~~ ~~Virrittarro~~
Deodanapatty	Moongelanayar
Dogherr Cottah	Do
Nella Cottah	Do Codavanar

Armenagoor —— Vigee

Ayenutteia —— Jumkee Chaianem canfaurao

Maranoot —— Pittyreddy & Coolungeenaurao

Madoor —— Suntauna Verdaney

Cheuchenpatty —— Cullaurao

Yerriyadao —— & Suntauna Verdaney

Yerra Cottah —— Nungungy

Pylney & Jagoody —— Vumttaroo
Pulaurao
Poorondataurao
Puchyarroo
Cullaroo
Soolleyaurao
Cooderayaurao

Virapatchee —— Nungungy

Cunnevaudi —— Codavanar
Meongelanyar

Dindygul
24 Nov 1795

G. Wynch
Collector